



2023 Apportionment for State Wildlife Grants

In 2001, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service’s Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program implemented the State Wildlife Grant Program, funded through an annual General Appropriation. This grant program support fish and wildlife agencies conservation measures that are found in their Wildlife Action Plan related to species of “greatest conservation need”. These funds are used by state and U.S territory fish and wildlife agencies for conservation measures that develop and implement programs that benefits wildlife and their habitats. Eligible projects including research, species restoration, and habitat management. To date, over \$1.18 billion has been awarded to states, territories, and D.C. through the State Wildlife Grant Program.

What do these funds do?



Washington

To restore populations of this reclusive forest mammal, the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reintroduced 260 fishers from 2008 to 2020 in three recovery areas – the Olympic, South Cascade and North Cascade mountains. Supported by SWG Program funds, which complemented funding from the National Park Service and other partners, fisher release goals were met in all three recovery areas.



Michigan

Michigan Department of Natural Resources, along with their partners, have worked to restore the habitat of the Kirtland’s warbler and control parasitic threats. Thanks to their efforts, the species rebounded from 170 breeding pairs in the 1980s to 2,300 breeding pairs in 2019, exceeding recovery plan goals. The warbler was removed from the endangered species list in 2019.



Vermont

The spiny softshell turtle is currently listed as threatened in Vermont. Only 9 Vermont nests were successful in 2004. With support from SWG, the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department is working with partners to manage the turtle’s remaining nesting sites and raising hatchlings in captivity until they are more likely to survive in the wild. These proactive conservation efforts helped raise the number of successful nests to 97 in 2018 and may prevent the need for federal listing under the Endangered Species Act in the future.

State	Total 2023 SWG
Alabama	\$861,593
Alaska	\$2,824,857
American Samoa	\$141,243
Arizona	\$1,468,158
Arkansas	\$649,235
California	\$2,824,857
Colorado	\$1,257,520
Connecticut	\$564,972
Delaware	\$564,972
District of Columbia	\$282,485
Florida	\$2,717,929
Georgia	\$1,529,845
Guam	\$141,243
Hawaii	\$564,972
Idaho	\$702,289
Illinois	\$1,745,200
Indiana	\$962,267
Iowa	\$687,407
Kansas	\$815,308
Kentucky	\$737,010
Louisiana	\$797,745
Maine	\$564,972
Maryland	\$741,525
Massachusetts	\$822,122
Michigan	\$1,457,799
Minnesota	\$1,132,199
Mississippi	\$610,878
Missouri	\$1,093,594
Montana	\$999,226
N. Mariana Islands	\$141,243
Nebraska	\$678,504
Nevada	\$1,002,978
New Hampshire	\$564,972
New Jersey	\$1,067,413
New Mexico	\$960,452
New York	\$2,513,928
North Carolina	\$1,462,453
North Dakota	\$564,972
Ohio	\$1,544,069
Oklahoma	\$853,468
Oregon	\$1,046,551
Pennsylvania	\$1,700,064
Puerto Rico	\$282,485
Rhode Island	\$564,972
South Carolina	\$748,761
South Dakota	\$564,972
Tennessee	\$1,011,691
Texas	\$2,824,857
Utah	\$867,658
Vermont	\$564,972
Virgin Islands	\$141,243
Virginia	\$1,192,555
Washington	\$1,254,767
West Virginia	\$564,972
Wisconsin	\$983,772
Wyoming	\$564,972

Total **\$56,497,138**



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